

# Emscote Infant School Knowledge Organiser Year 2 RE Summer Term



## Jigsaw RE Knowledge Organiser

This knowledge organiser is a guide, offering key information to point the teacher in the right direction as to the beliefs underpinning the particular enquiry.

The summaries must not be taken as the beliefs of ALL members of the particular religion.

<b>Religion /Worldview: Sanatana Dharma</b>	<b>Enquiry Question: What might Sanatanis learn from the story of Rama and Sita and the celebrations of Diwali?</b>	<b>Age: 5-7 Enquiry 2</b>
In this unit, the children look at the story and beliefs behind the Diwali festival They look at celebrations and the symbols used to remember the story		

<b>Core Knowledge</b> (see also background information documents)	<b>Link to other aspects of belief</b>	<b>Personal connection / resonance</b>	
<p>Sanatanis believe in Brahman as the one true God who is formless, limitless, all-inclusive, and eternal. The Vedas are the sacred scriptures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This enquiry looks at the festival of Diwali, which is the Story of Rama and Sita, as well as how it is celebrated.</li> <li>Diwali is an extremely popular Sanatani festival which happens at the start of winter. It celebrates the story of the Ramayana which describes the events leading up to the return of Rama to his kingdom after fourteen years in exile. It is a classic story of good defeating evil.</li> <li>The festival is celebrated on many levels. It is symbolically that the lighting of small lamps signals moving from darkness to light or from ignorance to knowledge</li> <li>A ceremony dedicated to the Goddess of Wealth, Lakshmi, may be carried out too. Money is given to charity; gifts are exchanged, and a family feast is held.</li> </ul> <p><u>Rangoli patterns</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rangoli patterns are created during festival times using materials such as coloured rice, dry flour, coloured sand or flower petals. The purpose of rangoli is mainly to be decorative but is also thought to bring good luck.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Brahman – One God with many deities</li> <li>Holy books and stories of good triumphing over evil</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Why is it important to remember the old stories?</li> <li>Why is it a good thing to have a family celebration?</li> <li>What special foods are present at special occasions?</li> </ul>	
<b>Key Terms and definitions</b>	<b>History/Context</b>	<b>Impact on believer/daily life</b>	<b>Spiral curriculum link</b>
<p><b>Diwali:</b> festival commemorating the Ramayana</p> <p><b>Ramayana:</b> one of the holy books – story of Rama and Sita</p> <p><b>Rangoli:</b> decorative patterns</p>	<p>Sanatana Dharma had no official starting point, it grew out of a community of people nearly 5000 years ago.</p> <p>The Story of Ramayana reminds Sanatanis of the importance to stand up to evil</p>	<p>The celebrations involve all members of the family – family life is very important to Sanatanis and they often have a shrine at home for worship.</p> <p>The poor are also remembered.</p>	<p>Learning about Brahman in enquiry 1.</p>
<b>Home learning ideas/questions:</b> What family celebrations do we have? Why is it important to celebrate together?			